





© 2014, 2017 SNAP! Learning® 4325 N. Golden State Blvd. #102 Fresno, Ca 93722

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. This book contains material protected under International and Federal Copyright Laws and Treaties. Any unauthorized reprint or use of this material is prohibited. No part of this book may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or by any information storage and retrieval system without express written permission from the author/publisher.

855.200.SNAP www.snaplearning.co

## SOLAR SUSTEM

## ACTIVITIES PACK



# WORDS WITH THE MOST COMMON AFFIXES & GREEK/LATIN ROOTS

The Solar System

PRACTICE & CHECKLIST

Name

1	0	
	Ž	E A R N
	\ <del>%</del>	•

admission	confusion	explosion	collision	comprehension	decision	expression	impression	occasion	vision	permission	fension	
adoption	detection	election	production	connection	attraction	completion	animation	adaptation	application	aviation	citation	mansion

# **Word Activities**

- Create flashcards for each word.
- Learn 5 words at a time until you can read all25 words automatically.
- Practice during Structured Guided Reading time, free time, and at home.
- 4 Practice with a partner and independently.
- **5** Test yourself with a partner or parent.
- 6 Read each word within 1-2 seconds.
- Practice this group of words using the interactive flashcards in the Mobl21 app.

## FLUENCY PKACI The Solar System

## Directions

Take a one-minute timed reading. Count up the number of words read correctly and enter your score in the score tower. Your goal is to read up to, or beyond, the number of words indicated by the goal line. Practice reading this passage with your teacher, a partner, and on your own.

Imagine looking up at the night sky. Think about the stars twinkling back at you. Those stars are up in outer space, but they are very far away. Take Alpha Centauri for example. That star is considered very close to Earth, but it is 4 light-years away. This means that even light, which travels extremely fast, takes 4 years to get from Alpha Centauri to us!

However, space holds many wonders that are much closer to us. Even closer than Alpha Centauri, there are planets, asteroids, comets, and one special star. Let's take a look at what makes up our solar system.

A solar system has three key elements: a sun, gravity, and planets.

114

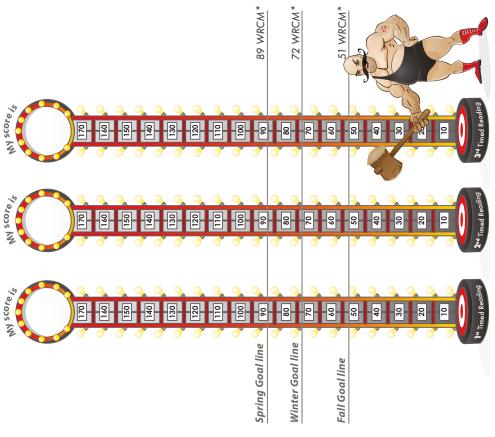
Each solar system has one or more suns. Unlike many solar systems, ours only has one sun. However, ours is big, bright, and powerful. What makes it so powerful? Gravity makes it powerful. The larger the object is, the more gravity that it has to pull on other objects.

142

162

176 185 195 204

Think of gravity like a game of tug-of-war. The sun is a dominant player compared to the planets. Like the sun, each planet has gravity of its own. However, the planets are less powerful. While each planet tries to tug against the sun, the sun tugs back.



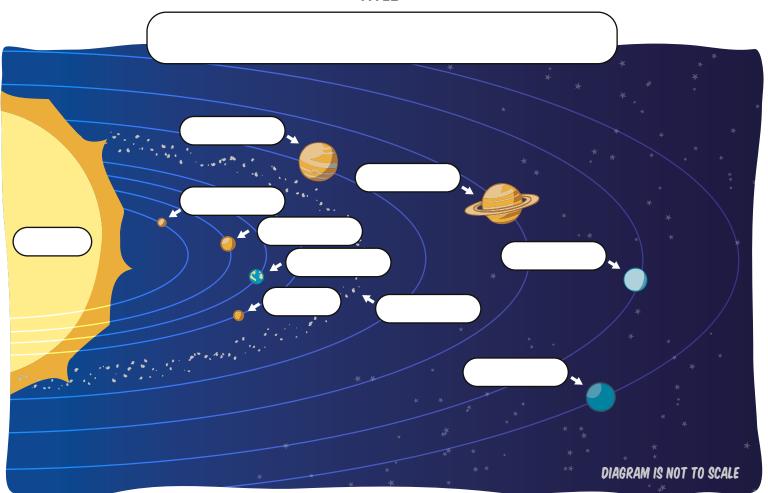
\*WRCM = words read correct per minute

#### Name

#### **Directions**

- 1. Create a title for the map.
- 2. Label the sun and the asteroid belt.
- 3. Label the planets.
- 4. Outline the Earth's orbit around the sun.

#### TITLE



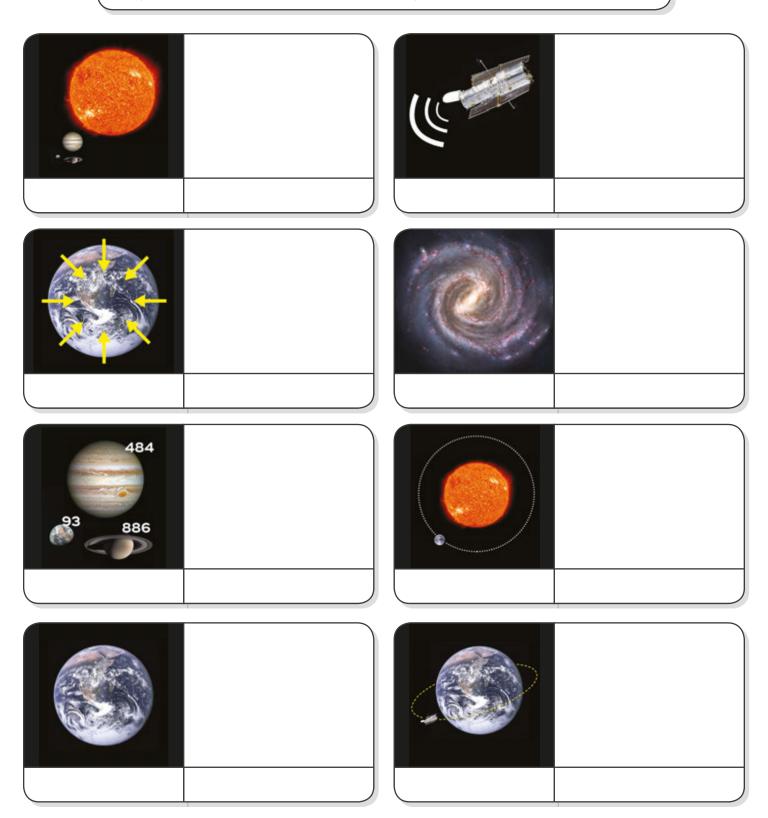
#### **LEGEND**

Sun Mars
Asteroid belt Jupiter
Mercury Saturn
Venus Uranus
Earth Neptune



#### **Directions**

For each picture, write the vocabulary word and a synonym or your definition of the word. In the space provided, draw a picture, create a word web, or create anything else that will help you remember the meaning of the vocabulary word.



#### Directions

After reading page 10, write a summary paragraph using the graphic organizer, the summary frame, and the word table provided.

#### **Graphic Organizer**

DIFFERENT	SAME	DIFFERENT
OUR SOLAR SYSTEM		OTHER SOLAR SYSTEMS
•	•	•
•	•	•

#### **Word Table**

Introductory Words	Beginning Words	Summary Words	Conjunctions
This passage The text The book Title of Book Heading of page	First, For example, Also, In addition,	As explained, As noted, In summary, In conclusion,	but yet though although
Page Pages The author The writer	Additionally, Moreover, Futhermore,	in conclusion,	nevertheless even so even though

#### **Concluding Phrases - Select One**

distinct traits different characteristics their differences

#### **Summary Frame - Oral Retell**

**Directions:** Use the summary frame below to retell this passage to a partner.

Beginning word(s) , both	fact that is the same	
Beginning word(s)	another fact that is the sam	ne •
n important difference betw	een and is	a difference
Beginning word ,is	a difference_, while2	isa difference
Summary word ,a	nd are similar,	conjunction , they have
concluding phrase		

#### **Summary Writing Space**

Using the graphic organizer, the summary frame, and the word table, summarize this pa in the space below.	ssage



#### **SUMMARIZE ON YOUR OWN**

The Solar System

Name

Directions		
After reading page 15, create and complete a graphic organizer that matches the text structure the author used. Remember to use your own words when completing the graphic organizer.		



#### **SUMMARIZE ON YOUR OWN**

Name

The Solar System

Directions	
Use your completed graphic organizer, and the word table and summary frame from the previous activity, to write a summary paragraph.	



#### Directions

Below is a summary of the book with missing words. Carefully, reread the book. Then, fill in the spaces with words from the book.

There are many solar in the universe. Our	•
sun is a, and it is the center of our solar	
system. Eight orbit the sun, which has a	
strong gravitational field. Planets with a solid surface as	re
terrestrial. The other planets are made of	
Our solar system also has asteroids, comets, and moon	s.
Our planet only has one, which orbits Ear	·th
However, other planets have many moons. Scientists	
send to space to find out more about the	
objects in our system. Many missions are	
unmanned. It's safer to send an unmanned spacecraft	
instead of The missions give scientists	
valuable pictures and Science has taught	
us a lot about the objects in our solar system. Scientists	<b>;</b>
use satellites and to learn about other sola	r
systems and galaxies.	



	The Solar S	ystem
• •	•••••••	
	1. Eac	h solar system has one or more
	A	moons.
	B	stars.
	C	elements.
	D	suns.
	2. All (	of the following are elements that make up a solar system except
	A	humans.
	B	the sun.
	C	gravity.
	D	planets.
	3. Whi	ich of the following best describes how paragraph 3 of the book is organized?
	A	sequential order
	B	topic and details
	C	compare and contrast
	D	proposition and support
	4. You	can tell from the title "Earth's Place in the Solar System" that the author is
	proba	bly going to
	A	tell about a news event.
	B	teach you how to read a map.
	<b>©</b>	describe where something is.
	D	list the similarities and differences between two topics.

#### 5. Which of the following statements is an opinion?

- A The sun is actually a star.
- B Earth is the third planet from the sun.
- © Out of the eight planets, Earth is the best.
- D In 1959, the unmanned Luna 2 was the first spacecraft on the moon.



Name

The Solar System

#### **Directions**

Answer the following questions with short answers. Cite evidence from the text when possible.

1. What are the three key elements that make up a solar system?		
2. What are some conditions that scientists believe are needed to support life		
on a planet?		
3. Explain the sequence of exploration that led up to astronauts walking on the moon in 1969.		
moon in 1969.		



#### **Directions**

Follow the directions below to complete this project with a partner or group. You may need some help from your teacher or an adult.

#### **Make Your Own Solar System Mobile**

Take an imaginary journey into space by designing a model of the solar system!

#### Here is what you need:

- Cardboard
- Color paper
- Scissors

- Tape
- String
- Pencil

Compass

#### **Instructions**

- 1. Draw a large circle on the cardboard, and cut it out. In the center of the circle, draw lines from top to bottom and left to right.
- 2. Use the compass to draw eight circles around the point where the two lines meet. These circles are orbits.
- 3. Punch a hole in the center with a pencil. Then punch a hole at any point on each orbit.
- 4. Draw a big circle on the paper. This will be the sun. Draw eight smaller circles for the planets. Cut out each circle and write the name of each planet on the back.
- 5. Tape the sun and each planet to a piece of string. Lace the other end of each string through the holes in the cardboard. Arrange the planets in order: Mercury, Venus, Earth, and so on. Tape the end of the string to the back of the cardboard.
- 6. Tie three pieces of string to the back of the cardboard. Tie the strings together. Turn the cardboard face down to reveal your model.



### **Your Task**

Choose a task below to show key facts or information you learned or inferred from the book.

## MODEL 17

text to build a model of found in the charts and Use the information the solar system.

## RECORD 17

four things in the sky pointing out at least of the nighttime sky Create a video tour and the book.

## TI MOHS

Create a chart showing all the things found in space.

## SING 17

about some of the same the book. Put the poem Find a poem that talks points mentioned in to music.

## SPEAK 17

author's points, develop a speech urging people Using some of the to invest money in space research.

## **WRITE IT**

things found in space. defining many of the Write an ABC book

